

Aberdeen City Integration Joint Board

Draft Annual Accounts 2023/24







Contents

Management Commentary	3
Independent auditor's report to the members of Aberdeen City Integration Joint Board and the Accounts Commission	
Statement of Responsibilities	. 20
Remuneration Report	. 22
Annual Governance Statement	25
Comprehensive Income and Expenditure Statement	. 34
Movement in Reserves Statement	. 36
Balance Sheet	. 37
Notes to the Financial Statements	. 38
1. Significant Accounting Policies	. 38
2. Accounting Standards that have been Issued but have not yet been Adopted	. 40
3. Critical Judgements and Estimation Uncertainty	40
4. Prior Period Adjustments, Changes in Accounting Policies and Estimate and Errors	
5. Expenditure and Income Analysis by Nature	42
6. Taxation and Non-Specific Grant Income	42
7. Debtors	43
8. Usable Reserve: General Fund	43
9. Agency Income and Expenditure	. 44
10. Related Party Transactions	45
11. VAT	47
Classes, of Tarms	40

Management Commentary

The Role and Remit of the Integration Joint Board (IJB)

The Integration Joint Board (JJB) was formed as a result of the Public Bodies (Joint Working) (Scotland) Act 2014. The Act provides a framework for the integration of adult community health and social care services. The strategic planning for, and/or delivery of, these services was previously the responsibility of NHS Grampian (NHSG) and Aberdeen City Council (ACC) respectively and was delegated to the JJB with effect from 1 April 2016. Some services such as adult social work, GP services, district nursing, and allied health professionals are fully delegated and the JJB has responsibility both for the strategic planning and governing oversight of these. Other services are Grampian-wide services which Aberdeen City JJB "host" on behalf of all three JJBs in the NHS Grampian area. There are also hospital-based services. Aberdeen City JJB has responsibility for the strategic planning of both hosted and hospital-based services. Full details of the delegated and hosted services can be found the Health and Social Care Integration Scheme for Aberdeen City

The policy ambition is to improve the quality and consistency of services to patients, carers, service users and their families; to provide seamless, joined-up, quality health and social care services in order to care for people in their own homes or a homely setting where it is safe to do so; and to ensure resources are used effectively and efficiently to deliver services that meet the increasing number of people with longer-term and often complex needs, many of whom are older. The JB has governing oversight whilst Aberdeen City Health and Social Care Partnership (ACHSCP) has responsibility for the operational delivery of these services.

The JB sets the direction of ACHSCP via the preparation and implementation of the Strategic Plan and seeks assurance on the management and delivery of the integrated services through appropriate scrutiny and performance monitoring, whilst ensuring the effective use of resources.

Member of the Board for the period 1 April 2023 to 31 March 2024 were as follows:

Voting Members

<u>Name</u>	<u>Organisation</u>	
Cllr John Cooke	Aberdeen City Council	Vice Chair to - 25/04/23
		Chair from – 25/04/23
Luan Grugeon	NHS Grampian	Chair to - 25/04/23
ŭ	· ·	Resigned – 16/10/23
June Brown	NHS Grampian	
Kim Cruttenden	NHS Grampian	up to - 06/07/23
Cllr Deena Tissera	Aberdeen City Council	up to - 29/08/23
Cllr Jennifer Bonsell	Aberdeen City Council	from – 10/10/23
Mark Burrell	NHS Grampian	from – 22/08/23
Cllr Christian Allard	Aberdeen City Council	up to - 22/08/23
Cllr Lee Fairfull	Aberdeen City Council	from – 22/08/23

<u>Name</u>	<u>Organisation</u>	
Cllr Martin Greig	Aberdeen City Council	
Hussein Patwa	NHS Grampian	from – 22/08/23 Vice Chair from – 10/10/23
Prof. Siladitya Bhattacharya	NHS Grampian	from – 10/10/23

Non-Voting Members

<u>Name</u>	<u>Organisation</u>	
Jamie Donaldson	Partnership Representative, NHSG	from – 22/08/23
Jim Currie	Trade Union Representative, ACC	
Alan Chalmers	Patient and Service User Representative	to - 05/12/23
Steven Close	Secondary Care Advisor	
Jennifer Gibb	Professional Nursing Adviser	
Maggie Hepburn	Third Sector Representative	
Christine Hemming	Secondary Care Advisor	
Dr Caroline Howarth	Clinical Director, ACH&SCP	
Phil Mackie	NHS Deputy Director of Health, NHSG	
Shona McFarlane	Carer Representative	
Paul Mitchell	Chief Finance Officer	to - 12/07/24
XX	Chief Finance Officer	from -
Alison Murray	Carer Representative	to - 06/02/24
Sandra MacLeod	Chief Officer	to - 15/02/24
Fiona Mitchelhill	Chief Officer	from – 19/02/24
Graeme Simpson	Chief Social Work Officer, ACC	

Aberdeen's Economy

The 2023 Economic Policy Panel Report states, a year ago, the Panel noted that the outlook for the global, UK and North East economies was challenging. Most independent forecasters believed the cost of living crisis was likely to tip the UK and Scotland into recession. The UK economy was projected to contract throughout 2023 into 2024, with real household incomes projected to fall by 7.1% over those two years, the largest rate of decline since records began. The annual rate of inflation hit 11.1% in October 2022, a 41-year high and well above the 2% rate aimed for by the Bank of England.

The UK economy continues to work through the cost of living crisis, with the effects likely to linger for some time yet. The medium-term outlook is, however, slightly more optimistic than 12 months ago although the global context continues to remain highly uncertain.

Despite this, a rise in employment and faster-than-expected earnings growth has led to an increase in household incomes, growing 0.9% over the year to 2023 Q1 and averaging 1.4% for the rest of 2023. This does, however, still lag behind historical averages. With the Office for Budget Responsibility predicting that living standards, as measured by real household disposable income per person, are to be 3.5% lower in 2024-25 than their pre-pandemic level, the largest reduction in living standards since records began in the 1950s.

The North East, whilst starting from a strong base, with GVA and average earnings levels higher than the national figures, has faced particular acute challenges in recent years. For example, average real wages declined faster and further in the North East than they did nationally throughout 2022 and into 2023, only beginning to recover in mid-2023

Worker productivity, once the highest in Scotland, has been falling in recent years. Real GVA per head in the North East stood at £31,586 in 2021, the lowest it has been since 2005, bar 2020.

The Panel notes a growing skills shortage across the region, with 83% of North East companies reporting challenges in recruiting suitable staff. This is 10% higher than the rest of the UK. Businesses are responding to this, in part through providing more on-the-job training. Workers report having job-related training at a consistently higher level that exceeds both the Scottish and UK averages. These ongoing demographic pressures and skills shortages highlight the need for a regional skills strategy.

In summary, the macroeconomic outlook remains challenging and is likely to remain so for the foreseeable future. There is little that Aberdeen can do to change that. Where local policymakers can have – and have had – the greatest influence is over the longer-term strategic approach for the region. Key to this long-term success will be diversification, a commitment to making Aberdeen an even more attractive place to live, work, invest and set-up a business, securing a successful transition to renewable energy and developing the core building blocks of a successful regional economic strategy (including skills and infrastructure).

Aberdeen City Population Needs Assessment

In October 2023 Community Planning Aberdeen published a <u>Population Needs</u> <u>Assessment for Aberdeen City</u>. In this there is recognition that economic circumstances can both enhance or reduce people's health and wellbeing. Employment in the city is at its lowest level since 2016, with roughly 1 in 4 of the working age population economically inactive. In 2021 it was estimated that 1 in 7 Aberdeen households had no one within the household working. Indicators of relative poverty in Scotland suggest that about 3 out of 5 (57%) experiencing

relative poverty will be within working households. The effects of the COVID-19 pandemic are still being understood, but the general view is that it has increased poverty across the UK, with women, children, and those in minority ethnic communities more likely to be affected. All of these indicators suggest that there is a real potential for family / household financial insecurity of a type that is being put under further pressure by the visible fuel and food poverty that is being experienced by local people.

In terms of demography, the population projections suggest that by 2028, the

proportion of the oldest population groups will have increased by over 10% (65-74y +14.4%, 75+y +16.1%). As might be expected, the increasing proportion of the over 65y population is reflected in a projected increase in the proportion of households where the main householder is over 65y. For both women and men, increased life

expectancy has stalled, and healthy life expectancy is declining. We can say that both life expectancy and healthy life expectancy vary across Aberdeen, with people from areas with higher deprivation having shorter lives and being more likely to live with poorer health for longer. Whilst this can be difficult to interpret, these indicators suggest that the future health of individuals born in Aberdeen during 2019-21 can expect to live around 20% of their lives in poor health. Here and now we know that 1 in 4 adults describe themselves as having a limiting, long-term illness.

Given that over half of the deaths in Aberdeen City in 2022 were associated with cancers and circulatory diseases, for which smoking, obesity, and physical inactivity are risks, the main message for Aberdeen City is that there is still work to be done promoting healthier lifestyles. The data for selected diseases – cancer registrations, coronary heart disease, and chronic obstructive pulmonary disease – are all indicative of the demands that are being placed on health care services. However, in all cases it is important to note the variation in the indicators across the City. There is unlikely to be a single cause of these health inequalities and we need to understand that such health inequalities happen as a result of wider inequalities experienced over time. As a result, these types of health inequality are challenges not only for

treatment here and now, but reflect a need to place a greater emphasis on future disease preventative intervention happening at the same time. 1 in 6 adults in Aberdeen self-report dissatisfaction with their mental health and around 1 in 7 could be at risk of suffering a mental illness. More people are being prescribed drugs for anxiety and depression than ten years ago

The increase in the older population and the prevalence of long term conditions and mental illness signal increasing demand for health and social care services in future. We cannot ignore the impact of inequality on health and the challenge will be to balance investment between service provision responding to current and imminent needs and early intervention and prevention activity to mitigate need in future.

Aberdeen City IJB Strategic Plan

Financial year 2022/23 saw the approval of the latest IJB Strategic Plan for 2022 to 2025 which was based on data in terms of demand for health and social care services plus an acknowledgement of the strategic context, not least the planned implementation of a National Care Service. The Strategic Plan was supported by a three year Delivery Plan.

The plan was approved at the IJB meeting in June 2022 and has four strategic aims:-

Aim - Caring Together

Together with our communities, ensure that health and social care services are high quality, accessible, safe, and sustainable; that people have their rights, dignity and diversity respected; and that they have a say in how services are designed and delivered both for themselves and for the people they care for, ensuring they can access the right care, at the right time, in a way that suits them.

Aim – Keeping People Safe at Home

When they need it, people can be cared for safely in their own home or in a homely setting, reducing the number of times they need to be admitted to hospital or reducing the length of stay where admission is unavoidable. This includes a continued focus on improving the circumstances of adults at risk of harm.

Aim - Preventing III Health

Help communities to achieve positive mental and physical health outcomes by providing advice and designing suitable support (which may include utilising existing local assets), to help address the preventable causes of ill-health, ensuring this starts at as early an age as possible.

Aim - Achieving Fulfilling, Healthy Lives

Support people to help overcome the health and wellbeing challenges they may face, particularly in relation to inequality, recovering from COVID-19, and the impact of an unpaid caring role, enabling them to live the life they want, at every stage.

2023/24 was year two of our Delivery Plan. At the end of year one we took the opportunity to pause, reflect and review our commitments and priorities and to refresh these for year two in light of changing demands. Our programme and project management approach continued and we refined our progress and performance monitoring approach. Regular progress updates continue to be monitored by the Senior Leadership Team, the Risk Audit and Performance Committee and the Integration Joint Board (JJB).

Our Annual Performance Report will be published at the end of September 2024 following the publication of validated data on the National and Ministerial Strategic Group Performance Indicators in July 2024 and approval by the JJB. In the meantime the commentary below gives an overview of the progress on our Delivery Plan projects and internal Dashboard performance by Strategic Aim and Enablers: -

Caring Together

Unpaid Carers provide valuable support to relatives and loved ones which reduces demand for mainstream services. Our Adult Carers Support Service increased the number of unpaid carers registered with them by 71%. The IJB reviewed the annual report in relation to our Carers Strategy at their meeting in January 2024.

Over 40 voluntary organisations are now providing early intervention and prevention support from the Aberdeen City Health and Wellbeing Hub based right in the heart of city centre shopping. The venue is proving Support is provided in relation to mental health, addictions, independent living, employability, digital inclusion, and tackling poverty and inequality.

We trialled a programme of health and wellbeing supports in the new sports facility in Northfield called GetActive@Northfield. We have hired a community room there and it is now in use four out of five days and we have plans to increase this going forward. Community Listening Services are available there, as are Pulmonary Rehabilitation and Respiratory Services making good use of the links with our partners Sport Aberdeen.

Locality Empowerment Groups were reinvigorated during 2023/24, with regular meetings reinstated and membership gradually increasing. We refreshed and streamlined our Locality Plans increasing community involvement and ownership.

Our General Practitioner Services are experiencing many challenges, not only in the recruitment and retention of GPs but also in managing the increased demand. Our Primary Care team undertook a programme of work in relation to a refreshed vision to ensure sustainable General Medical Services for future generations. The outcome of this was endorsed by all three JBs in Grampian and work is ongoing towards the implementation of this.

In the here and now, the Primary Care team have been working very hard with General Practice and 2023/24 saw an increase in the number of GP practices providing a full service.

Through renewed focus on Technology Enabled Care (TEC), our Adult Social Work (ASW) team achieved a significant decrease in unmet social care need.

Keeping People Safe at Home

Significant work has gone into maintaining and expanding our Hospital at Home Service and developing our Frailty pathway to ensure support is available for our frail, elderly population. The Hospital at Home team provide vital support to diverting demand from hospital and reducing delayed discharges.

A review involving patients, carers and other key stakeholders designed alternative ways for Specialist Neuro Rehabilitation Services to be delivered across Grampian. The review listened to a range of voices, to consider how to create a model of transitional rehabilitation support delivery that was patient centred with increased accessibility.

Work continued to ensure that a reliable and robust digital telecare emergency response service can be delivered after the analogue networks are turned off in December 2025. This includes replacing all analogue community alarms as well as deploying a digitally-capable Alarm Receiving Centre (ARC) platform. Over 2023/24 our team worked with the Scottish Government Digital Office as an early adopter to establish a single supplier framework for a shared ARC which went live on November 2023. They also ensured data accuracy by completing the data cleansing of 16,000 records that are held in the current ARC database. In March 2024 Aberdeen City Health and Social Care Partnership (ACHSCP) and Bon Accord Care (BAC) have received the Bronze Award for Digital Telecare Implementation from the Scottish Government Digital Office after replacing 58% of analogue community alarms with digital-ready units.

Our Dashboard data indicates a significant reduction in no harm falls indicating the support provided by our teams is having a positive impact in this area.

Preventing III Health

The Granite City Gathering, in Autumn 2023, part of our Stay Well Stay Connected Programme, was hosted to help people explore what 'Ageing Well' could look like. Attendees were encouraged to develop a real sense of purpose in retirement and seize opportunities to participate in community life. 167 people attended this and it was supported by 29 community organisations.

Our Local Outcome Improvement Plan (LOIP) project to reduce tobacco smoking by 5 % overall by 2023 exceeded its target and we are working on a revised project for 2024 onwards to target smoking in pregnant women in areas of deprivation in Aberdeen city.

The World Health Organisation has declared that loneliness and isolation is now an epidemic. Through our Stay Well Stay Connected Programme we are aiming to tackle this. During 2023/24 we expanded 'Boogie at the Bar', keeping hundreds of older people socially connected and engaged in their community every month. In addition, 60 people are now regularly attending 'Soup & Sannies' based in Seaton which not only reduces social isolation but also allows an opportunity to sign post to sources of support.

The Men's Wellbeing Group, 'Men's Shed' in Bridge of Don has 30-40 participants monthly. It brings older men together to reduce isolation and improve wellbeing outcomes. Wellbeing topics covered includes, blood pressure checks, healthy eating, prostate Issues, stress awareness, cooking and pilates sessions.

Achieving Fulfilling, Healthy Lives

The Mental Health and Learning Disabilities Transformation Programme focused on improving health outcomes for individuals with mental health issues and learning disabilities. It aims to address health inequalities and improve access to support; ensuring individuals with a mental health issue or a learning disability have equal opportunities to discuss and improve their health.

Scottish Association for Mental health (SAMH) were awarded the contract for Suicide Prevention work in May 2023. They are working across the North East with Aberdeen City, Aberdeenshire and Moray alongside a dedicated LOIP project in relation to Suicide Prevention.

In 2023/24 our Strategic Home Pathways Lead renewed focus particularly on bespoke support for people with Complex Needs who tend to have higher lengths of stay in hospital and, in many cases, are supported out with Aberdeen City due to the lack of appropriate facilities. In February 2024 the IJB approved an update on the implementation of the Complex Care Market Position Statement highlighting the plans to develop and build a new Complex Care facility at Stoneywood in Dyce.

During 2023/24 a project team has been developing an action plan in relation to our actions to mitigate Climate Change. Climate change has a disproportionate impact on those with health inequalities so as well as helping us to achieve our net zero emissions target this work will help support the most vulnerable in our society.

Strategic Enablers

In light of the various major storms the Aberdeen City Care for People Plan has been revised helping to support our responsibilities in relation to being a Category 1 Responder. Work will continue in 2024 to finalise the Persons at Risk Database which will further enhance our ability to keep vulnerable people safe in the event of a major incident.

The Service Level Agreement (SLA) and aligned service specifications with Bon Accord Care (BAC) have been revised and a three year Development Plan is currently being developed which will set firmer expectations and allow us to maximise the impact of the investment.

Close joint working continues with Aberdeen City Council (ACC) in relation to community planning. The LOIP and the three Locality Plans have been refreshed and a new Stretch Outcome in relation to Community Empowerment has been added to the LOIP. The Communities team within ACHSCP will work closely with the Community Development team of ACC to ensure the projects and the outcomes related to this are delivered within timescale.

Work continues in relation to delivering our Workforce Plan. The annual report was considered by the Risk Audit and Performance Committee (RAPC) on 28 November 2023. Staff turnover and absence rates have stabilised and we held our first Recruitment Fair. The ACHSCP Annual Workforce Conference took place on 29th February 2024 and was a success. Feedback is being obtained to plan ahead for the next one.

The Medium-Term Financial Framework (MTFF) approved by the IJB on 28 March 2023 includes a forecast of the financial position for the next seven financial years and is reviewed annually. Contained in the MTFF were proposals to balance the 2023/24 budget which were fully aligned to the Delivery Plan. The IJB continues to work to deliver on the ambitions of this MTFF and ensure financial balance.

The IJB's Position at 31 March 2024

The JJB set a balanced budget for 2023/24 of £377,783,000.

The financial position for 2023/24 resulted in an overspend £10,774,000 on mainstream budgets which was met from reserves. Added to this is an overspend on funded budgets (Primary Care Improvement Fund and Action 15 Mental Health) of £6,537,000, this resulted in a deficit on provision of services as reported in the Comprehensive Income and Expenditure Statement £17,311,014.

The accounts for the year ended 31 March 2024 show a usable reserves position of £9,834,836 (2022/23 £27,145,850). The UB agreed a reserves strategy and previously agreed to hold back as earmarked reserves £2.5 million as a risk fund.

The majority of public sector organisations are facing challenges balancing their budgets in a context of increasing demand and costs, while the funding available is reducing in real terms.

The major risk in terms of funding to the Integration Joint Board (IJB) is the level of funding delegated from the Council and NHS and whether this is sufficient to sustain future service delivery. There is also a risk of additional funding being ring-fenced for specific priorities and policies, which means introducing new projects and initiatives at a time when financial pressure is being faced on mainstream budgets.

The JB has made arrangements with adult social care providers to allow the Scottish Living Wage to be paid in 2023/24. This was possible due to additional funding being made available from the Scottish Government to implement this policy commitment.

Demand is expected to continue to rise given the increase in the number of over-65s forecast. At the same time the complexity of the care required is increasing due to improvements in medicine and the increased average life expectancy evidenced over the last few decades. This is evidenced in by our increasing social care spend on clients with learning disabilities. Also, there are greater expectations being

placed on our services by clients and this, along with expectations from our other stakeholders, continues to drive performance on targets such as waiting times.

Key Risks and Uncertainties

The key strategic risks (High risks), as contained in the Strategic Risk Register, along with an assessment of level of risk facing the UB, are as indicated below.

The Strategic Risk Register is monitored and updated frequently by the Aberdeen City Health and Social Care Partnership Senior Leadership Team, who in turn report to the JB and Risk, Audit & Performance Committee and the JB on a regular basis.

The IJB held a workshop in January 2024 on the Strategic Risk Register and the Board's Risk Appetite Statement and made some amendments to these documents to reflect the Board's risk appetite as at January 2024.

In addition to the Workshop above, a deep dive on Risks 1 (Commissioned Services) and 7 (Workforce) was held in October 2023. As a result of this deep dive, both of the strategic risks were subsequently lowered from Very High to High (as confirmed at the meeting of the Risk, Audit and Performance Committee on 28 November, 2023)

Work has been undertaken to edit the content of each risk, as requested by the IJB. The risk owners have undertaken this task as well as making revisions to the description of the strategic risks, following the "case/event/consequence" model.

The Risk, Audit and Performance Committee at its meeting on 2 April 2024 approved the revised Strategic Risk Register and Risk Appetite Statement. The risks that are classed as **High** risk on the Strategic Risk Register are detailed below:

1. High: Cause: The commissioning of services from third sector and independent providers (e.g. General Practice and other primary care services) requires all stakeholders to work collaboratively to meet the needs of local people. Event: Potential failure of commissioned services to deliver on their contract. Consequence: There is a gap between what is required to meet the needs of local people, and services that are available.

Consequences to the individual include not having the right level of care delivered locally, by suitably trained staff.

Consequences: ability of other commissioned services to cope with the unexpected increased in demand.

Consequences to the partnership includes an inability to meet people's needs for health and care and the additional financial burden of seeking that care in an alternative setting.

Mitigating Actions:

All opportunities to work in a collaborative manner to commission services are advertised on Public Contract Scotland, as well as individual invitations made to CEOs / owners of social care services.

- Additional offers are made to encourage dialogue where the provider is unavailable to attend collaborative commissioning workshops etc.
- Agreed strategic commissioning approach for ACHSCP.

- Strategic commissioning programme board (SCPB members) established to provide governance framework for commissioning activity.
- Continue to liaise with the care home sector through the collaborative approach detailed in the controls to explore agreement at a local level until a national agreement is in place with Scotland Excel
- Continue to support the flow from acute into interim beds at Woodlands.
- 1 SLA now in place for all interim/emergency beds
- Winter Planning and coordination workshop held in December 2023
- Workshop with providers in Feb and March 2024 to inform them of commissioning opportunities a help to shape the content and process of the tender.
- Interim provision in alternative housing including care homes, Very sheltered and Sheltered housing will be further developed during 2024-25
- All people using care at home Self Directed Support Options 1, 2 & 3 will be reviewed through a Technology first Lens.
- Mental Health and Wellbeing Festival during May 2024 will help to promote and support the sector to be more mindful of their own and service users Wellbeing.
- Primary Care
- Sustainability meetings with all Practices in Aberdeen City
- Working in collaboration with the Scottish Government, Local Medical Council (LMC) and Clinical Leads with practices to agree a sustainable way forward using individualised action plans and group discussions.
- Strategic Change Lead is establishing a task and finish group to review medical cover across care settings in the City with a view to establishing an alternative model for medical cover.
- Collaborative approach with the integration of the Health Assessment Team into Aberdeen City Council's Settlement Team to manage demand and risk of becoming a Dispersal City
- General Practice Vision and future provision workshops looking at SMART objectives to meet the unscheduled care demands
- Comms and engagement to raise public awareness on general practice pressures and wider Multi-Disciplinary Team roles
- Weekly RAG status on general practices to understand pressures
- An engagement plan has been developed to ensure that a co-production approach is being used for the Visioning Exercise, and patients from across the Grampian area are involved in the development of the vision and strategic objectives
- 2. High: Cause: JB financial failure and projection of overspend. Event: Demand outstrips available budget. Consequence: JB can't deliver on its strategic plan priorities, statutory work, and projects.

Mitigating Actions:

• The Senior Leadership Team are committed to driving out efficiencies, encouraging self-management and moving forward the prevention agenda to help manage future demand for services.

- The Senior Leadership Team have formalised arrangements to receive monthly financial monitoring statements.
- Senior Leadership Team will be scrutinising Year 3 of the ACHSCP Delivery Plan to identify projects that will generate financial savings or prevent and reduce future budget pressures.
- SLT and Operational Leadership Team (OLT) will receive a briefing from the Chief Finance officer in April, 2024 which will highlight the pressures and savings in the agreed MTFF for 2024/25. This will allow early identification of any additional pressures or savings that are unable to be made. This process is being undertaken earlier this financial year than previous
- 3. High: Cause: Under Integration arrangements, Aberdeen IJB hosts services on behalf of Moray and Aberdeenshire, and who also hosts services on behalf of Aberdeen City. Event: Hosted services do not deliver the expected outcomes, fail to deliver transformation of services, or face service failure. Consequence: Failure to meet health outcomes for Aberdeen City, resources not being maximised and reputational damage. Mitigating Actions:
 - Aberdeen City HSCP will review the rationale for services it hosts to ensure hosting remains the most relevant and appropriate approach-December 2024
 - Aberdeen City HSCP has gained approval from the three Grampian HSCP Chief Officers that there is an appetite for a pan Grampian review of overall hosting arrangements and rationale and will liaise with regional partners to develop a scope and timeline for this, including presentation of proposals to each JB-December 2024
 - Aberdeen City HSCP will work with Aberdeenshire and Moray HSCPs to ensure the services it hosts on their behalf align with their Strategic Plans and, at the same time, seek to understand the current strategy for each of the services hosted by them on behalf of Aberdeen City JB to confirm alignment to the Aberdeen City Strategic Plan.-December 2024
 - Aberdeen City HSCP will work with Aberdeenshire and Moray HSCPs to develop and agree proportionate, risk based governance arrangements.-December 2024
 - Aberdeen City HSCP will work with Aberdeenshire and Moray HSCPs to implement the agreed governance arrangements-September 2025
 - Aberdeen City HSCP should seek additional assurance over budgeting and expenditure on hosted services (both hosting and hosted on its behalf), and report on this periodically to the JB.-September 2024
 - This action is linked to the one above in relation to overall governance arrangements: As part of the development of the governance arrangements, Aberdeen City HSCP, in conjunction with relevant colleagues in Aberdeenshire and Moray HSCPs, will develop relevant performance metrics and agree reporting routes and frequency. It is envisaged that the governance arrangements will include routes for agreement of transformation activity and any performance reporting will capture the progress on delivery and impact of this-March 2025

- Once agreed, Aberdeen City HSCP, in conjunction with relevant colleagues in Aberdeenshire and Moray HSCPs, will implement the governance arrangements-September 2025.
- 4. High: Cause: Performance standards/outcomes are set by national and regulatory bodies and those locally-determined performance standards are set by the board itself. Event: There is a risk that the IJB, and the services that it directs and has operational oversight of, fails to meet the national, regulatory and local standards. Consequence: This may result in harm or risk of harm to people.

Mitigating Actions:

- Continual review of key performance indicators
- Review of and where and how often performance information is reported and how learning is fed back into processes and procedures.
- On-going work developing a culture of performance management and evaluation throughout the partnership
- Refinement of Performance Dashboard, presented to a number of groups, raising profile of performance and encouraging discussion leading to further review and development
- Recruitment of additional resource to drive performance management process development
- Risk-assessed plans with actions, responsible owners, timescales and performance measures monitored by dedicated teams
- Restructure of Strategy and Transformation Team which includes an increase in the number of Programme and Project Managers will help mitigate the risk of services not meeting required standards.
- Use of Grampian Operational Pressure Escalation System (G-OPES) and Daily and Weekly System Connect Meetings help to mitigate the risk of services not meeting standards through system wide support.
- Four focus areas of the system wide critical response to ongoing system pressures
- All recommendations from the Internal Audit report on Performance Management have been implemented
- 5. High: Cause: Demographic & financial pressures requiring JB to deliver transformational system change which helps to meet its strategic priorities. Event: Failure to deliver transformation and sustainable systems change. Consequence: People not receiving the best health and social care outcomes.

Mitigating Actions:

- Programme management approach being taken across whole of the Partnership
- Regular reporting of progress on programmes and projects to Senior Leadership Team
- Increased frequency of governance processes, Senior Leadership Team now meeting weekly

- A number of plans and frameworks have been developed to underpin our transformation activity across our wider system including: Primary Care Improvement Plan and Action 15 Plan.
- All Programme and Project Managers have been trained in the appropriate level of Managing Successful Programmes methodology and Prince2, where appropriate.
- 6. High: Cause: The ongoing recruitment and retention of staff. Event: Insufficient staff to provide patients/clients with services required. Consequence: Potential loss of life and unmet health and social care needs, leading to severe reputational damage.

Mitigating Actions:

- Significantly increased emphasis on health/wellbeing of staff and positive feedback regularly received, over 900 staff attended these type of initiatives in the last year.
- All staff strongly encouraged to use their annual leave throughout the year, take regular breaks and this to be positively modelled by SLT
- establishment of ACHSCP recruitment programme, with significantly increased Social Media presence
- promotion and support of the 'We Care' and 'Grow of own' approaches
- embrace the use of new/improved digital technologies to develop and support the ACHSCP infrastructure & develop a road map with a focus on enablement for staff. Working with Microsoft to increase online appointment bookings and significantly reduce pressure on staff, as well as looking at resolving current IT issues regarding different systems.
- flexible/hybrid working options to become 'normal' working practice that benefit staff time & supports their wellbeing as well as helps staff retention
- Increased emphasis on communication with staff
- increased collaboration across the Senior Leadership Team (SLT) and integration between professional disciplines, third sector, independent sector and communities through Localities to help diversity of the workforce
- Increased monitoring of staff statistics (sickness, turnover, CPD, complaints etc) through Senior Leadership Team and daily Operational Leadership Team meetings, identifying trends. Eg January to March 2024 sickness stats for NHSG employees, 4.81% (NHSG 4.95% in same period) and this is a reduction from the December 2023 level (6.51%)
- Awareness of new Scottish Government, NHSG and ACC workforce policies and guidelines
- Staff Wellbeing budget in 2024/25 of £25,000
- Well established "Comms Trustees Group" which helps to positively promote the work of ACHSCP and its staff, including the promotion of targeted vacancies. The Group now has a rota of social media promotion and is able to review in real time, activity generated by social media posts.
- Partnership Jobs Fair-Date to be fixed for 2024
- Holding regular job showcase sessions with clients seeking work in Aberdeen City.

- Ongoing support from the Partnership to continue the mentoring of Career Ready students in 2024.
- Foundation Apprentice started with Business Support in September 2023, and subject to feedback will continue in 2024.
- Currently working with 3 City and 1 Aberdeenshire Academies around a variety of different subjects to match school curriculum with future workforce opportunities.
- Partnership Staff Conference convened for 29th February, 2024.
- Establishment of Social Media Comms Group to help promote workforce opportunities and raise the profile of the organisation.
- Workforce Workstream Workshop held on 25th of April, 2024. Workshop reviewed progress on the Workforce Plan and looked at integrating different workforce activity.
- Provisional agreement for the holding of a cost neutral Staff Recognition Award ceremony to be part of the Annual ACHSCP Conference (date tbc).
- Regular attendance at various recruitment events

Analysis of the Financial Statements

The accounts show usable reserves of £9,834,836 at 31 March 2024 (£27,145,850 at 31 March 2023).

The level of reserve has decreased significantly due to overspend at the year end. Reserves were also used to cover overspends in various mainstream services across the JB, including PCIP (£2.0m), Community Living (£.9m) and Integration & Change (£13.9m).

Budgets for large hospitals are managed by NHS Grampian. The JB has a notional budget representing the consumption of these services by residents. The JB is responsible for the strategic planning for these services as a result of the legislation which established the JBs.

The services covered include:

- accident and emergency services at Aberdeen Royal Infirmary and Dr Gray's inpatient & outpatient;
- inpatient hospital services relating to general medicine, geriatric medicine, rehabilitation medicine, respiratory medicine, learning disabilities, old age psychiatry, general psychiatry;
- palliative care services provided at Roxburghe House, Aberdeen, and The Oaks, Elgin.

The notional budget and outturn from 2019/20 to 2023/24 is as follows:-

Set Aside	2019/20	2020/21	2021/22	2022/23	2023/24
Budget	£46,410,000	£47,802,300	£49,408,000	£52,719,000	£55,550,000
Outturn	£46,410,000	£47,802,300	£49,408,000	£52,719,000	£55,550,000

Chief Officer

Sandra Macleod resigned from the post of Chief Officer of the JB with effect from 15 February 2024. Fiona Mitchelhill was appointed as the Chief Officer with effect from 19 February 2024. In the interim period, Fraser Bell, Chief Operating Officer assumed the duties and responsibilities of the Chief Officer.

John Cooke JB Chair



Fiona Mitchelhill
Chief Officer



Paul Mitchell
Chief Finance Officer



Independent auditor's report to the members of Aberdeen City Integration Joint Board and the Accounts Commission

Statement of Responsibilities

Responsibilities of the Integration Joint Board

The Integration Joint Board is required to:

- make arrangements for the proper administration of its financial affairs and to secure that the proper officer of the board has responsibility for the administration of those affairs (section 95 of the Local Government (Scotland) Act 1973); in this authority, that officer is the Chief Finance Officer;
- manage its affairs to secure economic, efficient and effective use of resources and safeguard its assets;
- ensure the Annual Accounts are prepared in accordance with legislation (The Local Authority Accounts (Scotland) Regulations 2014), and so far as is compatible with that legislation, in accordance with proper accounting practices (section 12 of the Local Government in Scotland act 2003).
- approve the Annual Accounts.

I confirm that these Annual Accounts were approved for signature by the Integration Joint Board at its meeting on DD MMM 2024.

Signed on behalf of the Aberdeen City Integration Joint Board

John Cooke
UB Chair

Responsibilities of the chief financial officer

The chief financial officer is responsible for the preparation of the IJB's Annual Accounts in accordance with proper practices as required by legislation and as set out in the CIPFA/LASAAC Code of Practice on Local Authority Accounting in the United Kingdom (the Accounting Code).

In preparing the Annual Accounts, the chief financial officer has:

- selected suitable accounting policies and then applied them consistently;
- made judgements and estimates that were reasonable and prudent;
- complied with legislation; and
- complied with the local authority Code (in so far as it is compatible with legislation).

The chief finance officer has also:

- kept proper accounting records which were up to date; and
- taken reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

With effect from DD MMM 2024, XXXX replaced Paul Mitchell as the Chief Finance Officer of the Partnership. Paul Mitchell left his post on 12 July 2024.

I certify that the financial statements give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Aberdeen City Integration Joint Board as at 31 March 2024 and the transactions for the year then ended.

XXX

Chief Finance Officer

Remuneration Report

Introduction

This Remuneration Report is provided in accordance with the Local Authority Accounts (Scotland) Regulations 2014. It discloses information relating to the remuneration and pension benefits of specified JB members and staff.

The information in the tables below is subject to external audit. The explanatory text in the Remuneration Report is reviewed by the external auditor to ensure it is consistent with the financial statements.

Remuneration: IJB Chair and Vice-Chair

The voting members of the JB are appointed through nomination by Aberdeen City Council and NHS Grampian. The positions of JB Chair and Vice-Chair alternate between a Councillor and a Health Board representative every two years.

The JB does not provide any additional remuneration to the Chair, Vice-Chair or any other board members relating to their role on the JB. The JB does not reimburse the relevant partner organisations for any voting board member costs borne by the partner. The details of the Chair and Vice-Chair appointments and any taxable expenses paid by the JB are shown below.

Taxable Expenses 2022/23 £	Name	Post(s) Held	Nominated by	Taxable Expenses 2023/24 £
Nil	Luan	Chair	NHS	Nil
	Grugeon	to 25/4/23	Grampian	
Nil	Cllr John Cooke	Vice Chair from 18/05/22 Chair from 25/4/23	Aberdeen City Council	Nil
Nil	Hussein Patwa	Vice Chair from 10/10/23	NHS Grampian	Nil
Nil	Total			Nil

The JB does not have responsibilities, either in the current year or in future years, for funding any pension entitlements of voting JB members. Therefore, no pension rights disclosures are provided for the Chair or Vice-Chair.

Remuneration: Officers of the IJB

The JB does not directly employ any staff in its own right, however specific postholding officers are non-voting members of the Board.

Chief Officer

Under section 10 of the Public Bodies (Joint Working) (Scotland) Act 2014, a Chief Officer for the JB must be appointed and the employing partner must formally

second the officer to the IJB. The employment contract for the Chief Officer will adhere to the legislative and regulatory framework of the employing partner organisation. The remuneration terms of the Chief Officer's employment are approved by the IJB.

Other Officers

No other staff are appointed by the IJB under a similar legal regime. Other non-voting board members who meet the criteria for disclosure are included in the disclosures below.

Total 2022/23 £	Senior Employees	Salary, Fees & Allowances £	Taxable Expenses £		Total 2023/24 £
130,259	Sandra Macleod Chief Officer to 15/02/24			-	
-	Fiona Mitchelhill Chief Officer From 19/02/24			-	
62,781	Fraser Bell Chief Operating Officer			-	
56,430	Paul Mitchell Chief Finance Officer	84,969		-	84,969
32,895	Alex Stephen Chief Finance Officer	-		-	-
282,365	Total			-	

In respect of officers' pension benefits the statutory liability for any future contributions to be made rests with the relevant employing partner organisation. On this basis there is no pensions liability reflected on the IJB balance sheet for the Chief Officer or any other officers.

The JB however has responsibility for funding the employer contributions for the current year in respect of the officer time spent on fulfilling the responsibilities of their role on the JB. The following table shows the JB's funding during the year to support officers' pension benefits. The table also shows the total value of accrued pension benefits which may include benefits earned in other employment positions and from each officer's own contributions.

Officer Name	Responsibility	Pension as at 31/3/2024 £000	Pension Difference from 31/3/2023 £000	Lump Sum as at 31/3/2024 £000	Lump Sum Difference from 31/3/2023 £000	Pension Contribution 2023/24 £	Pension Contribution 2022/23 £
Sandra Macleod	Chief Officer To 15/02/24			-	-		26,192
Fiona Mitchelhill	Chief Officer From 19/02/24						
Fraser Bell	Chief Operating Officer			-	-		11,963
Paul Mitchell	Chief Finance Officer	27	26	23	23	15,209	10,101
Alex Stephen	Chief Finance Officer	0	(35)	-	(41)	-	5,888
							54.144

The IJB does not have its own pension scheme, however, details of the Northeast of Scotland Pension scheme can be found in Aberdeen City Council's accounts and details of the NHS pension scheme can be found in NHS Grampian's accounts. Both documents are available on their respective websites. The pension figures for the chief officer and chief finance officer are indicative based on last years.

Disclosure by Pay Bands

As required by the regulations, the following table shows the number of persons whose remuneration for the year was £50,000 or above, in bands of £5,000.

Remuneration Band	Number of Employees in Band – 2023/24
£80,000 - £84,999	
£95,000 - £99,999	
£130,000 - £134,999	
	£80,000 - £84,999 £95,000 - £99,999

Exit Packages

	cages were				

Fiona Mitchelhill	John Cooke
Chief Officer	Chair

Annual Governance Statement

Scope of Responsibility

The Integration Joint Board ("IJB") is responsible for ensuring that its business is conducted in accordance with the law and appropriate standards, safeguarding public funds and assets and making arrangements to secure best value in their use.

In discharging this responsibility, the Chief Officer has put in place arrangements for governance which include the system of internal control. This is designed to manage risk to a reasonable level but cannot eliminate the risk of failure to achieve policies, aims and objectives and can therefore only provide reasonable but not absolute assurance of effectiveness.

The IJB has a reliance on the Aberdeen City Council and NHS Grampian systems of internal control, which support compliance with both organisations' policies and promote achievement of each organisation's aims and objectives, as well as those of the IJB.

The result of this is a situation where assurances are required on the effectiveness of the governance arrangements from the three partners. This means that a significant failure in the internal control environment of one of the three partners may require to be disclosed in the accounts of all three partners and not just the JB and the partner where the issue occurred.

The Governance Framework

In this complex environment of circular assurances, it is important that the JB has its own local code of corporate governance and regularly reviews performance against the governance principles included within this code. The JB has developed an Assurance Framework in conjunction with the Good Governance Institute which provides readers with an understanding of the governance framework and the assurances that can be obtained from it.

The JJB agreed on 11 April 2017 at the Audit & Performance Systems Committee to adopt a local code of corporate governance which was built around the principles identified in the CIPFA\SOLACE¹ Delivering Good Governance in Local Government Framework (2016 Edition). The local code of governance is generally reviewed annually and reported to the same audit committee where the annual governance statement is approved. This code provides a list of documents\activities from an JJB, NHS Grampian and Aberdeen City Council perspective which provide assurance on the governance framework.

A review is also undertaken by the Chief Finance Officer evaluating the JB's governance environment against the governance principles detailed in the CIPFA document titled the 'The role of the chief financial officer in local government'.

SOLACE - The Society of Local Authority Chief Executives

¹ CIPFA - The Chartered Institute of Public Finance and Accountancy

Whilst both these documents were specifically written for local government, the governance principles can be used by other public sector organisations. Also, the IJB is defined as a local government organisation per the Local Government (Scotland) Act 1973 and Aberdeen City Council has also adopted the governance principles from the delivering good governance document in its own local code of corporate governance.

Seven Governance Principles of local governance framework

Against each of the seven governance principles adopted by the UB there are key documents, activities, policies and arrangements which help address these. For the UB some of these documents belong to NHS Grampian and Aberdeen City Council given their operational delivery role and the fact that the staff have remained employed by the partner bodies.

The seven governance principles identified in the local code of corporate governance and recommended in the CIPFA/SOLACE Framework are identified below, along with narratives evidencing compliance with the principles.

Principle 1 – Behaving with integrity, demonstrating strong commitment to ethical values and representing the rule of law.

Integrity: The following values of the IJB are indicated in the Strategic Plan:

- caring
- person-centred
- enabling

These values form part of the decision-making process of the JB and are evident in the actions and decisions made by the Board. The JB has appointed a Standards Officer who is responsible, amongst other things, for the maintaining of Registers of Interests, Registers of Gifts and Hospitality and training on the Model Code of Conduct for Members of Devolved Public Bodies.

Ethical Values: The IJB has agreed in principle to adopt the Unison Ethical Care Charter and has provided funding to care providers to allow the Scottish Living Wage to be paid.

Rule of Law. A comprehensive consultation process has been developed with officers from Aberdeen City Council and NHS Grampian to ensure that decisions and reports comply with legislation. A member of the Council's Governance Team attends the JJB to ensure that decisions taken are in line with any legislative requirements. The JJB has appointed a Chief Finance Officer to ensure that the accounts and finances are in line with the statutory accounting environment. The JJB has standing orders and an integration scheme which provide information on where decisions can be made. Two sub committees have been created and each has its own terms of reference.

Principle 2 – Ensuring openness and comprehensive stakeholder engagement.

Openness: Pre-COVID the IJB was a public board where members of the public and press could attend and agendas, reports and minutes were available publicly to

review. Therefore, members of the public could assess whether they believe that decisions are being taken in the public interest. As a result of the COVID restrictions UB meetings were held electronically and were recorded. The recordings are made available to the public shortly after the meeting. The Risk, Audit & Performance Committee is also a public meeting. Recent meetings of the UB have been operated under a hybrid model with some participants meeting in person and others online. The UB has its own complaints handling procedure which complies with Scottish Public Services Ombudsman's guidance.

Stakeholder Engagement: The non-voting membership of the IJB is set out in the Public Bodies (Joint Working) (Integration Joint Boards) (Scotland) Order 2014. This comprises six professional members and a minimum of four stakeholder representatives for each of the following groups - staff, third sector bodies, service users and carers. The IJB agreed a budget protocol on the 7 March 2017 which sought to formalise stakeholder engagement with the partner organisations around the budget process. Care providers are very much thought of as a key part of the partnership and invited to the majority of the events the IJB hosts. The IJB has established the Aberdeen City Joint Staff Forum, which includes representation from the trade unions and the staff partnership, as a forum for workforce issues affecting social care and health staff. An engagement and consultation protocol with the trade unions was agreed at the IJB on 21 January 2020.

Principle 3 – Defining outcomes in terms of sustainable economic, social and environmental benefits.

Economic: The JB has agreed a Medium-Term Financial Framework which is updated annually. The transformation programme and JB report format specifically highlight the economic impact of the decisions being taken on current and future financial years. Work has been undertaken to establish the financial and operational benefits of the major transformation projects. The partnership has adopted the lean six sigma quality improvement methodology, has trained relevant staff and has undertaken and implemented several improvement projects using this methodology. The outcomes of some of these projects are directly informing, wider transformational activity across the partnership including the redesign of staffing teams aligned to localities and are part of our conditions for change programme. A strategic planning framework has been agreed and implemented for the large hospital services. A governance structure has been implemented to support this work including a cross system transformation board which include senior officers from the Council, NHSG and the JJBs.

Social: The IJB's Strategic Plan identifies outcomes and the direction of travel over the next few years. The majority of outcomes are closely linked to how social care and health services will be delivered and improved over the life of the Strategic Plan.

Environmental: A public bodies climate change duties report is collated and submitted annually on behalf of the UB.

Principle 4 – Determining the interventions necessary to optimise the achievement of intended outcomes.

Interventions: A transformation programme and senior leadership team objectives have been developed which will help support the delivery of the Strategic Plan. This programme is monitored on a regular basis and information on progress is received by the JJB and the Risk, Audit and Performance Committee for scrutiny and challenge. Decisions to procure services costing over £50,000 are taken by the JJB in so far as they relate to a Direction made to the NHS or Aberdeen City Council in respect of a delegated function and each report contains a section on risk.

Principle 5 – Developing the entity's capacity, including the capability of its leadership and the individuals within it.

Entity's Capacity: A workforce plan has been developed for the JB covering health and social care services. Capacity is further developed and scrutinised by having stakeholders out with those employed by the JB, ACC or NHS Grampian around the JB and many of its working groups. The career ready programme and various initiatives through Developing the Young Workforce North East have been developed and established within services. Regular meetings have been held with the direct reports of the senior leadership team to promote the localities model and the senior leadership team objectives. A new senior leadership team structure has been implemented to allow Strategic Plan outcomes to be achieved.

Leadership: The IJB has set itself goals and has evaluated their performance against these goals. An organisational development plan has been developed and agreed which has a focus on leadership.

Individuals: An induction programme has been established for the JB which complements the induction programmes of NHS Grampian and Aberdeen City Council. Staff surveys have been undertaken for Council staff and the 'iMatter' survey is undertaken annually. The outputs from these surveys are discussed by the JB Senior Leadership Team and any necessary improvement actions implemented. The JB and SLT have developed a sustainable approach to board development through the creation of a 'culture sounding board' which pays attention to relationships and behaviours to ensure all voices are heard equally, enabling effective challenge and decision making at the JB.

Principle 6 - Managing risk and performance through robust internal control and strong public financial management.

Risk: Two risk registers have been developed. The first is an JB Strategic Risk Register and this documents the risk that the JB may face in delivery of the Strategic Plan. The second register covers operational risks and is a summary of the departmental operational risk registers. The Strategic Risk Register is updated frequently and reported to the Risk, Audit & Performance Committee and the JB.

Performance: A performance management framework has been developed for the IJB and is reported frequently to the Risk, Audit & Performance Committee and the IJB. Performance is also monitored by bi-monthly city sector performance review meetings, where the Chief Executives and senior finance officers from NHS Grampian and Aberdeen City Council discuss performance and finance in a structured meeting with the Chief Officer and Chief Finance Officer. Performance management

information is provided at a national NHS level and also contained within the statutory performance indicators reported by the Council. An annual performance report is required as defined in the legislation (Public Bodies (Joint Working) (Scotland) Act 2014) underpinning the creation of the IJB.

Internal Controls: The internal control environment is largely delivered by the partner organisations given their operational remit. However, internal controls are evidenced in the JB integration scheme and financial regulations. A review of the JB internal controls is undertaken annually by the Chief Internal Auditor and his opinion on the adequacy of the internal control environment is highlighted below.

Financial Management: The IJB has received quarterly reports on the financial position as indicated in the integration scheme. All IJB reports contain a financial implications section advising the IJB on the budget implications of agreeing the recommendations of the report.

Principle 7 – Implementing good practices in transparency, reporting, and audit to deliver effective accountability.

Transparency: Recordings of the JB meetings were made available to the public after the meeting was held due to COVID restrictions and the agendas, reports and minutes are available for the public to inspect. The Risk, Audit & Performance committee is also a public meeting. The JB has developed a publication scheme as required under the Freedom of Information (Scotland) Act 2002.

Reporting: The annual accounts management commentary section will have a focus on both financial and service performance over the last financial year. A review has been undertaken of the role of the North East Partnership which has strengthen governance arrangements for hosted and large hospital services.

Audit: The 2021/22 accounts received an unqualified audit opinion. The Risk, Audit & Performance Committee has received an internal audit plan from the Chief Internal Auditor and internal audit reports over the last financial year.

Review of Effectiveness

The JB has responsibility for conducting, at least annually, a review of the effectiveness of the governance arrangements, including the system of internal control. The review is informed by the work of the JB Senior Leadership Team (who have responsibility for the development and maintenance of the internal control framework environment), the work of the internal auditor and the Chief Internal Auditor's annual report; and reports from the external auditor and other review agencies and inspectorates.

Aberdeen City Council's Chief Internal Auditor provides an Internal Audit services to the IJB. The Chief Internal Auditor's annual opinion on the effectiveness of the IJB's governance framework for 2023/24 will be reported to the Risk, Audit and Performance Committee on 4 June 2024

The report will outline Internal Audit's views on the assurance that the IJB received in relation to governance, risk management and control, covering the periods 1 April 2023 to 31 March 2024.

The governance framework will be reviewed by the IJB Senior Leadership Team against the governance principles identified in the CIPFA Role of the Chief Finance Officer Framework.

The local code of corporate governance was agreed by the Audit & Performance Systems Committee on 11 April 2017 and progress against the seven principles is detailed above.

In addition, the review of the effectiveness of the governance arrangements and systems of internal control within Aberdeen City Council and NHS Grampian places reliance upon the individual bodies' management assurances in relation to the soundness of their systems of internal control and that they have embedded standards for countering fraud and corruption.

Accordingly, the following notes support the reliance that is placed upon those systems:

i. Aberdeen City Council's governance framework

Aberdeen City Council's governance framework comprises the systems and processes, culture and values by which the Council is directed and controlled, and the activities through which it accounts to, engages with and leads the community. It enables the Council to monitor the achievement of its outcomes given the crucial role of governance, performance management and risk management in improving stewardship and how we do business. Reviewing our governance activity enables us to consider whether those objectives have led to the delivery of appropriate, cost effective services to the citizens of Aberdeen.

The system of internal control is a significant part of that framework and is designed to manage risk to a reasonable level. It cannot eliminate all risk of failure to achieve policies, aims and objectives, or comply with controls, and can therefore only provide reasonable and not absolute assurance of effectiveness. The system of internal control is based on an ongoing process designed to: -

- identify and prioritise the risks to the achievement of the Council's outcomes;
- evaluate the likelihood of those risks being realised and the impact should they
 be realised; and to manage those risks efficiently, effectively and
 economically.

The Audit, Risk & Scrutiny Committee has a key role in this, and an annual report of its activities and effectiveness will be considered by the committee and referred to Council for its consideration. This demonstrates improved transparency, understanding and challenge of the activity and outcomes from the Audit, Risk & Scrutiny Committee. The Council has an approved Local Code of Corporate Governance which sets out their commitment to the seven principles recommended in the CIPFA / SOLACE Framework 2016, by citing the primary sources of assurance which demonstrate the effectiveness of the systems of internal control.

Principle A: Behaving with integrity, demonstrating strong commitment to ethical values, and respecting the rule of law

- Principle B: Ensuring openness and comprehensive stakeholder engagement
- Principle C: Defining outcomes in terms of sustainable economic, social and environmental benefits
- Principle D: Determining the interventions necessary to optimise the achievement of the intended outcomes
- Principle E: Developing the entity's capacity, including the capability of its leadership and the individuals within it
- Principle F: Managing risk and performance through robust internal control and strong public financial management
- Principle G: Implementing good practices in transparency, reporting and audit, to deliver effective accountability

In summary the Council undertakes an annual self-evaluation of its Local Code of Corporate Governance. This demonstrates that reasonable assurance can be placed upon the adequacy and effectiveness of Aberdeen City Council and its systems of governance.

ii. NHS Grampian governance framework

NHS Grampian is required to operate within the aspects of the Scottish Public Finance Manual (SPFM) which are set out within the guidance issued to Chief Executives and more generally to all Board members by the Scottish Government Health and Social Care Directorates as being applicable to NHS Boards. The SPFM is issued by Scottish Ministers to provide guidance to the Scottish Government and other relevant bodies on the proper handling and `reporting of public funds. The SPFM sets out the relevant statutory, parliamentary and administrative requirements, emphasises the need for efficiency, effectiveness and economy, and promotes good practice and high standards of propriety.

As Accountable Officer, the Chief Executive is responsible for maintaining an adequate and effective system of internal control that identifies, prioritises and manages the principal risks facing the organisation, promotes achievement of the organisation's aims and objectives and supports compliance with the organisation's policies and safeguarding public funds.

The Board continually monitors and reviews the effectiveness of the system of internal control with a specific focus on the delivery of safe and effective patient care, achievement of national and local targets and demonstrating best value and the efficient use of resources. Key elements of the system of internal control include:

- A Board which meets regularly to discharge its governance responsibilities, set the strategic direction for the organisation and approve decisions in line with the Scheme of Delegation. The Board comprises the Executive Directors and Non-Executive members. The Board activity is open to public scrutiny with minutes of meetings publicly available;
- 2. The Board receives regular reports on Healthcare Associated Infection from the Clinical Governance Committee and reducing infection as well as ensuring that health and safety, cleanliness and good clinical practice are high priorities;
- 3. Scheme of Delegation, Standing Orders and Standing Financial Instructions approved by the Board are subject to regular review to assess whether they are relevant and fully reflective of both best practice and mandatory requirements;

- 4. Mature and organisation wide risk management arrangements built on localised risk registers and processes which ensure, as appropriate, escalation of significant instances of non-compliance with applicable laws and regulations;
- Dedicated full time members of staff for key statutory compliance functions including Information Governance, Health and Safety, fire and asbestos, tasked with ensuring they are up to date with all relevant legislation and are responsible for co-ordinating management action in these areas;
- A focus on best value and commitment to ensuring that resources are used efficiently, effectively and economically taking into consideration equal opportunities and sustainable development requirements;
- 7. Consideration by the Board of regular reports from the chairs of the performance governance, engagement and participation, staff governance, clinical governance, audit committee and from the Chair of the Endowment Trustees concerning any significant matters on governance, risk and internal controls;
- 8. Each key governance committee is supported by a designated lead Executive Director who has the delegated management accountability for statutory and regulatory matters. In addition, senior leadership arrangements were strengthened during the year to provide additional capacity and support to the Chief Executive:
- Regular review of financial performance, risk management arrangements and non-financial performance against key service measures and standards by the Performance Governance Committee:
- 10. Regular review of service quality against recognised professional clinical standards by the Clinical Governance Committee:
- 11. Regular review of workforce arrangements and implementation of the NHS Scotland Staff Governance standards by the Staff Governance Committee;
- 12. An active joint management and staff partnership forum with staff side representation embedded in all key management teams and a dedicated full time Employee Director who is a member of the Board;
- 13. Regular review of priorities for infrastructure investment and progress against the agreed Asset Management Plan by an Asset Management Group chaired by a Board Executive Director and including management representatives from all operational sectors and representation from the clinical advisory structure;
- 14. Clear allocation of responsibilities to ensure we review and develop our organisational arrangements and services in line with national standards and guidance including consultation with all stakeholders on service change proposals to inform decision making;
- 15. Promotion of effective cross sector governance arrangements through participation by the JB Board members and the Chief Executives of each of the partner organisations in the regular meetings between the Chief Executives of all Public Sector organisations in Grampian and performance review meetings with each JB Chief Officer to further develop and drive improvement through integrated service delivery; and
- 16. A patient feedback service to record and investigate complaints and policies to protect employees who raise concerns in relation to suspected wrongdoing such as clinical malpractice, fraud and health and safety breaches; and
- 17. Separate governance arrangements for the NHS Grampian Endowment Funds including a Chair of the Trustees elected from within the body of the Trustees, an annual general meeting of all Trustees to agree all policy matters and an

Endowment Sub Committee of Trustees with delegated authority to manage the day to day operational matters of the charity.

Based on the evidence considered during the review of the effectiveness of the internal control environment NHS Grampian has confirmed that there are no known outstanding significant control weaknesses or other failures to achieve the standards set out in the guidance on governance, risk management and control.

Certification: Subject to the above, and on the basis of assurances provided, we consider that the internal control environment operating during the reporting period provides reasonable and objective assurance that any significant risks impacting upon the achievement of our principal objectives will be identified and actions taken to avoid or mitigate their impact. Systems are in place to continually review and improve the internal control environment and action plans are in place to identify areas for improvement. It is our opinion that reasonable assurance can be placed upon the adequacy and effectiveness of the Aberdeen City Integration Joint Board's systems of governance.

Fiona Mitchelhill	John Cooke
Chief Officer	Chair

Comprehensive Income and Expenditure Statement

This statement shows the cost of providing services for the year according to accepted accounting practices.

		2022/23				2023/24
Gross	Gross	Net		Gross	Gross	Net
Expenditure	Income	Expenditure		Expenditure	Income	Expenditure
£	£	£		£	£	£
40,236,645	0	40,236,645	Community Health Services	46,116,494	0	46,116,494
29,125,768	0	29,125,768	Aberdeen City share of Hosted Services (health)	31,323,029	0	31,323,029
40,665,018	0	40,665,018	Learning Disabilities	45,015,163	0	45,015,163
24,964,561	0	24,964,561	Mental Health & Addictions	26,985,068	0	26,985,068
97,907,284	0	97,907,284	Older People & Physical and Sensory Disabilities	107,204,489	0	107,204,489
1,889,544	0	1,889,544	Head office/Admin	2,208,531	0	2,208,531
10,012,029	0	10,012,029	Covid	0	0	0
5,119,400	(4,958,384)	161,016	Criminal Justice	5,262,277	(5,114,956)	147,321
2,139,020	0	2,139,020	Aids, Adaptations & PSHG	2,257,873	0	2,257,873
42,928,059	0	42,928,059	Primary Care Prescribing	46,349,194	0	46,349,194
41,544,380	0	41,544,380	Primary Care	45,094,568	0	45,094,568
2,514,611	0	2,514,611	Out of Area Treatments	2,502,936	0	2,502,936
52,719,000	0	52,719,000	Set Aside Services	55,550,000	0	55,550,000
0	0	0	City Vaccinations	3,058,242	0	3,058,242
12,144,018	0	12,144,018	Transformation	15,254,159	0	15,254,159
0	0	0		164,965	0	164,965
403,909,337	(4,958,384)	398,950,953	Cost of Services	434,346,988	(5,114,956)	429,232,032
0	(374,704,802)	(374,704,802)	Taxation and Non-Specific Grant Income (Note 5)	0	(411,921,018)	(411,921,018)
403,909,337	(379,663,186)	24,246,151	(Surplus) or Deficit on Provision of Services	434,346,988	(417,035,974)	17,311,014
		24,246,151	Total Comprehensive Income and Expenditure			17,311,014

There are no statutory or presentation adjustments which affect the IJB's application of the funding received from partners. The movement in the General Fund balance is therefore solely due to the transactions shown in the Comprehensive Income and Expenditure Statement. Consequently, an Expenditure and Funding Analysis is not provided in these annual accounts.

Movement in Reserves Statement

This statement shows the movement in the year on the JJB's reserves. The movements which arise due to statutory adjustments which affect the General Fund balance are separately identified from the movements due to accounting practices.

Movements in Reserves During

General Fund

Total Reserves

Balance			
£	£		
(27,145,850)	(27,145,850)		
17,311,014	17,311,014		
_	_		
17,311,014	17,311,014		
(9,834,836)	(9,834,836)		
General Fund Balance	Total Reserves		
£	£		
(51,392,001)	(51,392,001)		
24,246,151	24,246,151		
-	-		
24,246,151	24,246,151		
(27,145,850)	(27,145,850)		
	£ (27,145,850) 17,311,014 - 17,311,014 (9,834,836) General Fund Balance £ (51,392,001) 24,246,151 - 24,246,151		

Balance Sheet

The Balance Sheet shows the value of the IJB's assets and liabilities as at the balance sheet date. The net assets of the IJB (assets less liabilities) are matched by the reserves held by the IJB.

31 Mar 2023 £		Notes	31 Mar 2024 £
27,145,850	Short term Debtors	(7)	9,834,836
27,145,850	Current Assets		9,834,836
27,145,850	Net Assets		9,834,836
(27,145,850) -	Usable Reserve: General Fund Unusable Reserve:	(8)	(9,834,836) -
(27,145,850)	Total Reserves		(9,834,836)

The unaudited accounts were issued on 4 June 2024 and the audited accounts were authorised for issue on DD MMM 2024.

Paul Mitchell

Prhichat

Chief Finance Officer

Notes to the Financial Statements

1. Significant Accounting Policies

General Principles

The Financial Statements summarises the authority's transactions for the 2023/24 financial year and its position at the year-end of 31 March 2024.

The JB was established under the requirements of the Public Bodies (Joint Working) (Scotland) Act 2014 and is a Section 106 body as defined in the Local Government (Scotland) Act 1973.

The Financial Statements are therefore prepared in compliance with the Code of Practice on Local Authority Accounting in the United Kingdom 2022/23, supported by International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS), unless legislation or statutory guidance requires different treatment.

The accounts are prepared on a going concern basis, which assumes that the IJB will continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future. The historical cost convention has been adopted.

Accruals of Income and Expenditure

Activity is accounted for in the year that it takes place, not simply when settlement in cash occurs. In particular:

- Expenditure is recognised when goods or services are received and their benefits are used by the JB.
- Income is recognised when the JB has a right to the income, for instance by meeting any terms and conditions required to earn the income, and receipt of the income is probable.
- Where income and expenditure have been recognised but settlement in cash has not taken place, a debtor or creditor is recorded in the Balance Sheet.
- Where debts may not be received, the balance of debtors is written down.

Funding

The JB is primarily funded through funding contributions from the statutory funding partners, Aberdeen City Council and NHS Grampian. Expenditure is incurred as the JB commissions specified health and social care services from the funding partners for the benefit of service recipients in Aberdeen City.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

The JB does not operate a bank account or hold cash. Transactions are settled on behalf of the JB by the funding partners. Consequently, the JB does not present a 'Cash and Cash Equivalent' figure on the balance sheet or a cashflow statement.

The funding balance due to or from each funding partner as at 31 March is represented as a debtor or creditor on the IJB's Balance Sheet.

Employee Benefits

The JB does not directly employ staff. Staff are formally employed by the funding partners who retain the liability for pension benefits payable in the future. The JB therefore does not present a Pensions Liability on its Balance Sheet.

The JB has a legal responsibility to appoint a Chief Officer. More details on the arrangements are provided in the Remuneration Report. The charges from the employing partner are treated as employee costs. Where material the Chief Officer's absence entitlement as at 31 March is accrued, for example in relation to annual leave earned but not yet taken. In the case of Aberdeen City JB any annual leave earned but not yet taken is not considered to be material.

Reserves

The IJB is permitted to set aside specific amounts as reserves for future policy purposes. Reserves are generally held to do three things:

- create a working balance to help cushion the impact of uneven cash flows
 this forms part of general reserves;
- create a risk fund to cushion the impact of unexpected events or emergencies; and
- create a means of building up funds, often referred to as earmarked reserves, to meet known or predicted liabilities.

The balance of the reserves normally comprises:

- funds that are earmarked or set aside for specific purposes; and
- funds which are not earmarked for specific purposes but are set aside to deal with unexpected events or emergencies.

Reserves are created by appropriating amounts out of the General Fund Balance in the Movement in Reserves Statement. When expenditure to be financed from a reserve is incurred, it is charged against the appropriate line in the Income and Expenditure Statement in that year to score against the Surplus/Deficit on the Provision of Services. The reserve is then appropriated back into the General Fund Balance in the Movement in Reserves Statement.

The JB's reserves are classified as either Usable or Unusable Reserves.

The JB's only Usable Reserve is the General Fund. The balance of the General Fund as at 31 March shows the extent of resources which the JB can use in later years to support service provision.

Indemnity Insurance

The JB has indemnity insurance for costs relating primarily to potential claim liabilities regarding Board member and officer responsibilities. NHS Grampian and Aberdeen City Council have responsibility for claims in respect of the services that they are statutorily responsible for and that they provide.

Unlike NHS Boards, the IJB does not have any 'shared risk' exposure from participation in CNORIS. The IJB participation in the CNORIS scheme is therefore analogous to normal insurance arrangements.

Known claims are assessed as to the value and probability of settlement. Where it is material the overall expected value of known claims taking probability of settlement into consideration, is provided for in the JJB's Balance Sheet.

The likelihood of receipt of an insurance settlement to cover any claims is separately assessed and, where material, presented as either a debtor or disclosed as a contingent asset.

Support Services

Corporate support services (finance, legal and strategy) are provided by Aberdeen City Council and NHS Grampian at no cost to the IJB and it is not possible to separately identify these costs. To the extent that delegated services include an element of overheads and support services costs, these will be included within the appropriate line within the Income and Expenditure statement.

2. Accounting Standards that have been Issued but have not yet been Adopted

The Code requires the disclosure of information relating to the impact of an accounting change that will be required by a new standard that has been issued but not yet adopted and could have a material impact on the accounts. This applies to new or amended standards withing the 2023/24 Code.

There are no new or amended Accounting Standards issued but not yet adopted that will have a material impact on the 2023/24 Annual Accounts.

3. Critical Judgements and Estimation Uncertainty

The Financial Statements include some estimated figures. Estimates are made taking into account the best available information, however actual results could be materially different from the assumptions and estimates used. The key items in this respect are listed below.

Provisions

No financial provision for any future events has been made by the JB in this accounting period.

4. <u>Prior Period Adjustments, Changes in Accounting Policies and Estimates and Errors</u>

Changes in accounting policies are only made when required by proper accounting practices or the change provides more reliable or relevant information about the effect of transactions, other events and conditions on the IJB's financial position or financial performance. Where a change is made, it is applied retrospectively by adjusting opening balances and comparative amounts for the prior period as if the new policy had always been applied.

Changes in accounting estimates are accounted for prospectively, i.e. in the current and future years affected by the change.

Material errors discovered in prior period figures are corrected retrospectively by amending opening balances and comparative amounts for the prior period.

The unaudited Annual Accounts were authorised for issue by the Chief Finance Officer in May 2024. Events taking place after this date are not reflected in the financial statements or notes. Where events taking place before this date provided information about conditions existing at 31 March 2024, the figures in the financial statements and notes have been adjusted in all material respects to reflect the impact of this information.

5. Expenditure and Income Analysis by Nature

2022/23		2023/24
£		£
170,597,645	Services commissioned from Aberdeen City Council	176,471,867
233,280,222	Services commissioned from NHS Grampian	257,830,741
31,470	Auditor Fee: External Audit	44,380
(4,958,384)	Service Income: Aberdeen City Council	(5,114,956)
(374,704,802)	Partners Funding Contributions and Non-Specific Grant Income	(411,921,018)
24,246,151	(Surplus) or Deficit on the Provision of Services	17,311,014

6. Taxation and Non-Specific Grant Income

2022/23 £		2023/24 £
(118,777,887) (255,926,915)	Funding Contribution from Aberdeen City Council Funding Contribution from NHS Grampian	(123,740,740) (288,180,278)
(374,704,802)	Taxation and Non-specific Grant Income	(411,921,018)

The funding contribution from the NHS Board shown above includes £55 million in respect of 'set-aside' resources relating to acute hospital and other resources. These are provided by the NHS, which retains responsibility for managing the costs of providing the services. The JB, however, has responsibility for the consumption of, and level of demand placed on, these resources.

The funding contributions from the partners shown above exclude any funding which is ring-fenced for the provision of specific services, such as that provided for Criminal Justice. Such ring-fenced funding is presented as income in the Cost of Services in the Comprehensive Income and Expenditure Statement.

7. Debtors

31 Mar 23		31 Mar 24
£		£
17,210,600	NHS Grampian	9,690,763
9,935,250	Aberdeen City Council	144,073
27,145,850	Debtors	9,834,836

Amounts owed by the funding partners are stated on a net basis. Creditor balances relating to expenditure obligations incurred by the funding partners but not yet settled in cash terms are offset against the funds they are holding on behalf of the UB.

8. <u>Usable Reserve: General Fund</u>

The JB holds a balance on the General Fund for two main purposes:

- To earmark, or build up, funds which are to be used for specific purposes in the future, such as known or predicted future expenditure needs. This supports strategic financial management.
- To provide a risk fund to cushion the impact of unexpected events or emergencies. This is regarded as a key part of the JB's risk management framework.

The table below shows the movements on the General Fund balance, analysed between those elements earmarked for specific planned future expenditure, and the amount held as a risk fund.

2022/23					2023/24		
Balance at 1 April 2022	Transfers In	Transfers Out	Balance at 31 March 2023	•	Transfers In	Transfers Out	Balance at 31 March 2024
£	£	£	£		£	£	£
(19,740,496)	-	19,740,496	-	Covid	-	-	-
(1,791,181)	-	91,078	(1,700,103)	Earmarked External Funding	-	665,808	(1,034,295)
(876,523)	-	-	(876,523)	CommunityLiving Change	-	876,523	-
-	(1,668,982)	-	(1,668,982)	Primary Care		1,668,982	-
(4,259,000)	-	3,892,288	(366,712)	PCIP*	-	366,493	(219)
(993,000)	-	993,000	-	Action 15	(5,396)	-	-
(1,052,874)	-	115,230	(937,644)	MH Recovery and Renewal	-	107,828	(5,396)
(2,286,227)	-	1,355,061	(931,166)	ADP*	(237,293)	-	(1,168,459)
(17,892,700)	(1,128,794)	856,774	(18,164,720)	Integration and Change	-	13,868,069	(4,296,650)
(48,892,001)	(2,797,776)	27,043,927	(24,645,850)	Total Earmarked	(242,689)	17,553,703	(7,334,836)
(2,500,000)	-	-	(2,500,000)	Risk Fund	-	-	(2,500,000)
(51,392,001)	(2,797,776)	27,043,927	(27,145,850)	General Fund	(242,689)	17,553,703	(9,834,836)

9. Agency Income and Expenditure

On behalf of all JBs within the NHS Grampian area, the JB acts as the lead manager for Sexual Health Services and Woodend Rehabilitation Services. It commissions services on behalf of the other JBs and reclaims the costs involved. The payments that are made on behalf of the other JBs, and the consequential reimbursement, are not included in the Comprehensive Income and Expenditure Statement (CIES) since the JB is not acting as principal in these transactions.

The amount of expenditure and income relating to the Sexual Health Services agency arrangement is shown below.

2022/23 £		2023/24 £
	Expenditure on Agency Services Reimbursement for Agency Services	1,901,192 (1,901,192)
-	Net Agency Expenditure excluded from the CIES	-

The amount of expenditure and income relating to the Woodend Rehabilitation Services agency arrangement is shown below.

2	022/23		2023/24 £
		Expenditure on Agency Services Reimbursement for Agency Services	8,853,575 (8,853,575)
	-	Net Agency Expenditure excluded from the CIES	-

10. Related Party Transactions

The JB has related party relationships with the NHS Grampian, Aberdeen City Council and Bon Accord Care/Bon Accord Support Services. The nature of these relationships means that the JB may influence, and be influenced by, these parties. The following transactions and balances included in the JB's accounts are presented to provide additional information on the relationships.

NHS Grampian

(22,646,693)	Net Transactions with the NHS Grampian	(30,349,537)
	Members	
223,305	Key Management Personnel: Non-Voting Board	213,927
233,056,917	Expenditure on Services Provided by the NHS Board	257,616,814
-	Service Income received from the NHS Board	-
(255,926,915)	Funding Contributions received from the NHS Board*	(288,180,278)
£		£
2022/23		2023/24

Key Management Personnel: The non-voting Board members employed by the NHS Board and recharged to the IJB include the Chief Officer and the Clinical Director. Details of the remuneration for some specific post-holders is provided in the Remuneration Report.

^{*}Includes resource transfer income of £37.9 million.

Balances with NHS Grampian

Members

46,892,844

31-Mar-23 £		31-Mar-24 £
17,210,600 -	Debtor balances: Amounts due from the NHS Board Creditor balances: Amounts due to the NHS Board	9,690,763
17,210,600	Net Balance with the NHS Grampian	9,690,763
Transactio	ns with Aberdeen City Council	
2022/23		2023/24
£		£
(118,777,887) (4,958,384)	Funding Contributions received from the Council Service Income received from the Council	(123,740,740) (5,114,956)

176,405,173

111,074

47,660,551

170,512,015 Expenditure on Services Provided by the Council

117,100 Key Management Personnel: Non-Voting Board

Key Management Personnel: The non-voting Board members employed by the Council and recharged to the IJB include the Chief Financial Officer. Details of the remuneration for some specific post-holders is provided in the Remuneration Report. The Chief Social Work Officer is a non-voting member of the IJB and the costs associated with this post are borne by the Council.

Net Transactions with Aberdeen City Council

31-Mar-23		31-Mar-24
£		£
, ,	Debtor balances: Amounts due from the Council Creditor balances: Amounts due to the Council	144,073 -
9,935,250	Net Balance with the Aberdeen City Council	144,073

<u>Transactions with Bon Accord Care (BAC) and Bon Accord Support Services (BASS)</u>

Bon Accord Care Limited and Bon Accord Support Services Limited are private companies limited by shares which are 100% owned by Aberdeen City Council. Bon Accord Care provides regulated (by the Care Inspectorate) care services to Bon

Accord Support Services which in turn delivers both regulated and unregulated adult social care services to the Council.

31-	Mar-23		31-Mar-24 €
L			L
	(1,009,657)	Service Income received from the Council	(436,510)
	37,825,558	Expenditure on Services Provided by the Council	34,636,540
	36,815,901	Net Transactions with BAC/BASS	34,200,030

11.<u>VAT</u>

VAT payable is included as an expense only to the extent that it is not recoverable from Her Majesty's Revenue and Customs. VAT receivable is excluded from income.

Glossary of Terms

While the terminology used in this report is intended to be self-explanatory, it may be useful to provide additional definition and interpretation of the terms used.

Accounting Period

The period of time covered by the Accounts, normally a period of 12 months commencing on 1 April each year. The end of the accounting period is the Balance Sheet date.

Accruals

The concept that income and expenditure are recognised as they are earned or incurred not as money is received or paid.

Asset

An item having value to the JB in monetary terms. Assets are categorised as either current or non-current. A current asset will be consumed or cease to have material value within the next financial year (e.g., cash and stock). A non-current asset provides benefits to the JB and to the services it provides for a period of more than one year.

Audit of Accounts

An independent examination of the JB's financial affairs.

Balance Sheet

A statement of the recorded assets, liabilities and other balances at the end of the accounting period.

CIPFA

The Chartered Institute of Public Finance and Accountancy.

Consistency

The concept that the accounting treatment of like terms within an accounting period and from one period to the next is the same.

Contingent Asset/Liability

A Contingent Asset/Liability is either:

A possible benefit/obligation arising from past events whose existence will be confirmed only by the occurrence of one or more uncertain events not wholly within the JB's control; or

A present benefit/obligation arising from past events where it is not probable that a transfer of economic benefits will be required, or the amount of the obligation cannot be measured with sufficient reliability.

Creditor

Amounts owed by the IJB for work done, goods received or services rendered within the accounting period, but for which payment has not been made by the end of that accounting period.

Debtor

Amount owed to the JB for works done, goods received, or services rendered within the accounting period, but for which payment has not been received by the end of that accounting period.

Entity

A body corporate, partnership, trust, unincorporated association or statutory body that is delivering a service or carrying on a trade or business with or without a view to profit. It should have a separate legal personality and is legally required to prepare its own single entity accounts.

Exceptional Items

Material items which derive from events or transactions that fall within the ordinary activities of the IJB and which need to be disclosed separately by virtue of their size or incidence to give a fair presentation of the accounts.

Government Grants

Grants made by the Government towards either revenue or capital expenditure in return for past or future compliance with certain conditions relating to the activities of the JB. These grants may be specific to a particular scheme or may support the revenue spend of the JB ingeneral.

IAS

International Accounting Standards.

IFRS

International Financial Reporting Standards.

IRAG

Integration Resources Advisory Group.

LASAAC

Local Authority (Scotland) Accounts Advisory Committee.

Liability

A liability is where the UB owes payment to an individual or another organisation. A current liability is an amount which will become payable or could be called in within the next accounting period e.g. creditors or cash overdrawn. A non-current liability is an amount which by arrangement is payable beyond the next year at some point in the future or will be paid off by an annual sum over a period of time.

Provisions

An amount put aside in the accounts for future liabilities or losses which are certain or very likely to occur but the amounts or dates of when they will arise are uncertain.

PSIAS

Public Sector Internal Audit Standards.

Related Parties

Bodies or individuals that have the potential to control or influence the JB or to be controlled or influenced by the JB. For the JB's purposes, related parties are deemed to include voting members, the Chief Officer, the Chief Finance Officer, the Heads of Service and their close family and household members.

Remuneration

All sums paid to or receivable by an employee and sums due by way of expenses allowances (as far as these sums are chargeable to UK income tax) and the monetary value of any other benefits received other than incash.

Reserves

The accumulation of surpluses, deficits and appropriation over past years. Reserves of a revenue nature are available and can be spent or earmarked at the discretion of the JJB.

Revenue Expenditure

The day-to-day expenses of providing services.

Significant Interest

The reporting authority is actively involved and is influential in the direction of an entity through its participation in policy decisions.

SOLACE

Society of Local Authority Chief Executives.

The Code

The Code of Practice on Local Authority Accounting in the United Kingdom.